

ISRAEL'S SACRED YEAR CALENDAR
 Notation of Feasts & Holy Day Celebrations
 (Civil Holidays Also Noted)

Months		3 Feasts & Holydays		Day of Month	High Sabbath
Current Hebrew Name	Roman Gregorian	Name of Day or Feast	Hebrew Name		
Regular 7th day Sabbaths are listed as Holy Convocations, Lev.23:3					
1. Nisan or Abib	March - April	Lamb Selected		10th	
		Passover	Pesah	14th	
		Feast of Unleavened Bread Firstfruit Offering		15th- 21st	*1 *1
2. Iyyar or Ziv	April - May				
3. Sivan	May - June	Feast of Pentecost or Weeks New Grain Offering	Shavuot	(Approx. 7th)	*1
4. Tammuz	June - July				
5. Ab or Av	July - Aug.	Fast for the Destruction of the Temple by Nebuchadnezzar		9th	
6. Elul	Aug.-Sept.				
The New Year on Israel's Civil Calendar begins on 1st of Tishri, called Rosh Hashanah (the New Year), (tradition from Neh.8:1-12).					
7. Tishri or Ethanim	Sept. - Oct.	Blowing of Trumpets	the Shofar	1st	*1
		Day of Atonement	Yom Kippur	10th	*1
		Feast of Tabernacles or Ingathering	Sukkat	15th - 22nd	*1 *1
8. Heshvan	Oct.- Nov.				
9. Kislev or Chislev	Nov.- Dec.	Dedication or Lights	Hanukkah	25th	
10. Tevet	Dec.- Jan.				
11. Shevat	Jan.- Feb.				
12. Adar	Feb. - March	Lots	Purim	14th - 15th	(*7 High Sabbath)

The Feasts are seasonal (Lev.23:4), centered around the Harvests and grouped into 3 occasions wherein all males are to be present before the Lord in Jerusalem (See Exo. 23:14-17). Jack W. Langford, 1990